

RUSSIANS GAIN NEW GROUND ON BUKOWINA LINE

Push Drive Through Southern Ranges of Carpathian Mountains



COUNT MICHAEL KAROLYI President of the Hungarian Independence party, who is reported to have resigned to form a new party which will urge peace between Hungary and its enemies.

PETROGRAD, July 18. Cossacks are leading the advance of the Russian troops through the southern ranges of the Carpathian Mountains.

Northwest of Kimpolung Pass, in southern Bukowina, Russian cavalry is advancing along the road between Kirilbaba and Maramoros Szeleg, says a press dispatch from the Russian front today.

This information indicates that the Russians have advanced about 50 miles since the capture of Radautz, pushing past the formidable mountain barriers which had been strongly fortified by the Austro-Hungarians.

(Maramoros Szeleg is the capital of the Hungarian county of Maramoros. It lies on the Thules River at the western foot of the Carpathians and is 125 miles east of Budapest.)

In Volhynia, the Russians are now pounding the new positions of General von Linsingen, south of the Lipa, where the Germans stopped to make a stand after retreating across the river.

The Germans have retreated nearly 10 miles under the swift advance of General Kaledines' left wing.

In their hasty retreat, several thousand more prisoners, a number of heavy guns and large supplies of war material have fallen into the hands of the Russians. The retreat was made necessary when several Russian regiments broke through the German front and threatened to surround part of General von Linsingen's army.

The Russians have advanced their lines to the north bank of the River Lipa and are strengthening their new positions at the entire front. The advance widens the Russian salient extending into the Austro-German front southeast of Kovel, thus removing the danger of crushing enemy attacks on both sides of the Russian wedge.

All along the eastern front, the Czar's armies have suddenly resumed the initiative. The infantry combats are becoming more frequent in Galicia, and both artillery and infantry activity are reported on General Kuropatkin's front in the Dvinsk-Riga region, on the north.

The Russian commanders on the Austro-German front, however, are compelled to share public interest with the Grand Duke Nicholas, whose new offensive in the Caucasus continues to make progress.

RUSSIAN ATTACKS NEAR RIGA AND IN LUTSK REGION FAIL, BERLIN WAR OFFICE SAYS

BERLIN, July 18. The following communication was issued by the German War Office this afternoon: Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: Russians continued to make strong attacks south and east of Riga, which broke down with bloody losses before our positions. At places where the Russians succeeded in entering our trenches they were afterward ejected by counter-attacks.

Army group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: There were no special incidents. Army group of General Linsingen: The situation is generally unchanged. Russian attacks west and southwest of Lutsk were flatly repulsed.

AUSTRIANS CHECK SLAVS IN BUKOWINA, SAYS VIENNA; ADMITS LUTSK RETREAT

VIENNA, July 18. Attempts of the Russians to advance against the Austro-Hungarians in southwestern Bukowina have been checked, says an official report made public by the War Office today. The statement admits the retreat of "fourth" forces southwest of Lutsk, stating that it was made necessary by the numerical superiority of the Russian troops.

The report follows: Renewed attempts by the Russians to advance in Bukowina against our positions south and southwest of Moldava were without success. The enemy sustained heavy losses. Fighting has taken place between scouting parties on both sides in the forest district north of Prioloup.

Attempts of the Russians to advance near Zelin and Takarov were repulsed. Our sentries northwest of Burkowsk frustrated a surprise attack against our trenches.

Southwest of Lutsk the Russians attacked with numerically superior forces. The front section of our lines near Saklin withdrew into the district east of Horochow. While being covered upon the west flank by German counter-attacks, the German allies south of Lutsk thereupon were withdrawn behind the lower Stripa without being disturbed by the enemy.

ELABORATE GERMAN DEFENSES ON FRONT IN FLANDERS



This picture of the German trenches and shelters, taken where their line meets the sea, shows how difficult is the task of the Allies in blasting the enemy out.

I RUSSI SI AVVICINANO SEMPRE PIU' A KOVEL I NEMICI SI RITIRANO

Porzione Truppe del Generale Linsingen, Minacciate di Avvolgimento, Sflugono all'Esercito Russo

I TEDESCHI IN FRANCIA

Telegrammi da Petrogrado informano che i tedeschi hanno retrocesso di circa 10 miglia in Volinia, minacciati dall'ala sinistra dell'esercito moscovita al comando del Generale Kaledines. Durante la ritirata sono caduti nelle mani dei russi parecchie migliaia di prigionieri, cannoni e munizioni in gran copia.

Intanto i russi hanno avanzato sulle linee poste alla riva settentrionale del fiume Lipa e stanno ora fortificando le loro posizioni sull'intero fronte. Questa avanzata li ha resi anche padroni di un saliente che si in curva dentro la fronte austro tedesca a sud est di Kovel, ed a' atto a rimuovere i danni di un improvviso attacco nemico.

Fortemente rinforzati, i tedeschi hanno ripreso l'offensiva a mezzogiorno della Somma. Notizie da Parigi recano che essi hanno assalito ripetute volte le posizioni di Blaches e Maisonette, ma furono respinti dal fuoco concentrato delle artiglierie e dello mitragliatrici.

L'ultimo comunicato dello Stato Maggiore italiano dimostra che i ritorni offensivi del nemico sulla frontiera italiana, per quanto siano fatti in forze e con intenzioni decisive, sono sempre destinati a fallire.

Ne e' prova—come dicevamo—il comunicato di guerra del generalissimo italiano Conte Cadorna, che dice: Nell'alta zona del Poena il nemico ha spiegato un formidabile attacco, sostenuto da un concentrato fuoco di artiglieria, tra Monte Santo e Monte Tororo.

Le nostre truppe hanno subito contrattacco, e in un disperato corpo a corpo hanno respinto il nemico lungo tutta la fronte.

Tra le valli di Toto e di Posino, il nemico ha tentato di raggiungere le nostre posizioni a nord ovest di Monte Pelugio, ma i suoi tentativi sono stati ugualmente frustrati.

L'artiglieria del nemico ha bombardato le nostre posizioni a Valle d'Ampezzo, e noi per rappresaglia abbiamo bombardato la vallata della Drava.

Lungo la fronte dell'Isone, e al sommo di Valle Roccolana vi stato un intermittente fuoco di artiglieria.

Noi aerei bombardarono il campo nemico di Poligaria; anche il nemico bombardò diversi punti sull'Adige e Val Camonica, ma senza danni. Le nostre batterie antiaeree abbatterono aerei nemici che cercavano di gettar bombe su Brescia, Bergamo e Padova.

Tre aerei bombardarono Treviso, uccidendo una persona e ferendone delle altre. Una macchina fu distrutta, e il pilota e l'osservatore rimasero uccisi.

Circa il bombardamento di Parenzo—del quale peraltro l'Ammiragliato italiano non ha dato alcuna notizia, cio' che fa supporre trattarsi di una semplice ricognizione di nostre aerei—una comunicazione di fonte tedesca dice che esso avvenne il giorno 11 corrente, e fu eseguito da tre incrociatori. Essi avrebbero danneggiato due case private ed il palazzo così detto del Parlamento. Poi gli incrociatori italiani, inseguiti dal fuoco delle batterie della costa, avrebbero ripreso il largo.

Found on Tracks With Broken Skull. John Andrews, 29 years old, of 2829 North Rose street, was found unconscious on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad track at Front and Westmoreland streets at 10 o'clock last night. He had fallen 20 feet from the pedestrian's walk spanning the tracks. He was taken to the Episcopal Hospital, where it was found he had a fracture of the skull and other injuries.

GLI INGLESI MINACCIANO LE POSIZIONI DI ARRAS

L'Appello di Sir Roger Casement, Imputato di Alto Tradimento, E' Stato Respinto

Le forze del Generale Haig si avvicinano all'altipiano di Albert, per affrontare anche la terza linea tedesca. Notevoli successi esse hanno riportato nelle sezioni settentrionali e orientali del saliente di Contalmaison, e cio' le mette in condizione di minacciare l'intera fronte di Arras.

Un rapporto ufficiale tedesco dice che il fuoco delle batterie inglesi si sta svolgendo in molti punti con grande violenza, dalle posizioni di Auzer fino al mare, cio' che fa supporre un nuovo imminente attacco delle fanterie.

Intanto lo Stato Maggiore tedesco si e' sentito nella necessita' di emanare un appello al popolo, col quale lo si invita a serbare fiducia sulla condotta ulteriore della guerra. Dopo aver scelto un inno al coraggio delle truppe tedesche, il comunicato dello Stato Maggiore dice che le vittorie degli Alleati non possono scuotere la fiducia che la Germania deve avere nel suo esercito.

Come e' noto, Sir Roger Casement, uno dei capi del movimento insurrezionale irlandese, fu condannato a morte. E' noto anche egli fece appello, e questo appello e' venuto oggi alla cognizione del Magistrato competente. Si apprende ora che l'appello e' stato respinto.

BRITISH UNIONS SUSPEND HOLIDAYS TO AID ARMY

Accept Asquith's Proposal to Cooperate With Government

LONDON, July 18. Further evidence of the manner in which the British labor unions are striving to assist the Government in wrestling final victory from Germany was given here today.

At a conference called by the trades union leaders it was decided to accept the proposal recently made by the Government that the August holidays be postponed. This will assure an unbroken supply of ammunition and other material necessary for the maintenance of the offensive now being conducted by Sir Douglas Haig in France.

Killed in Auto With Fiancee

PLAINFIELD, Conn., July 18.—Arthur E. Parks, of Fall River, Mass., and his fiancee, Miss Anna Cushing, of Providence, R. I. were killed when an automobile the young man was driving crashed into a locomotive at Central Village. The machine, it is said, was going at high speed. Both occupants were thrown out, and Park's head was crushed. There were no marks on the woman.

FEDERAL EXPRESS RESTORED

Weekly Through Train Between Philadelphia and Boston by the Poughkeepsie Bridge Route Until Further Notice

Every Friday to Boston Beginning July 21. Every Sunday from Boston Beginning July 23. On account of the epidemic of infantile paralysis in and around New York City, the Pennsylvania Railroad, in connection with the Lehigh & Hudson Railroad and New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, has arranged for the resumption, temporarily, of the Federal Express between Washington, Philadelphia and Boston on the following schedule:

Table with columns for station names and times for Friday and Sunday services.

PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD Through Sleeping Cars and Coaches between Philadelphia and Boston.

QUITTERS IN THE TEXAS GUARD

COMPANY L, of the 3d Regiment, recruited in the town of Lott, in the heart of Texas, refused to take the Federal oath when it reached the border. Under the threat of drastic punishment the men recanted. In Sunday's Public Ledger George Pattullo asks "What caused these men to fail in their duty when the crisis came?" He answers the question in one word, "Socialism," and shows how the Southwest is honeycombed with a breed of Socialism thrice as insidious as the Anarchistic red-flag Socialism of the cities.

SUNDAY'S PUBLIC LEDGER

BRITISH SEIZE PART OF ROAD TO BAPAUME

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man army has been called upon to devise supreme measures for checking the Allied offensive on the western front, which is now menacing important junction points of strategic railways, the possession of which is necessary if the Germans are to prevent a general retirement. The same dispatch from Berlin adds that Field Marshal von Hindenburg probably will be put in supreme command of the German and Austro-Hungarian troops on the eastern front.

The text of the official report follows: Thick mist and incessant rains are still interfering with operations on the Somme front. To the northward of Crivillers we made substantial progress last night on a front of 1000 yards. The enemy was driven from strongly defended points, where we captured some prisoners and six machine guns. Near Wytschaete we successfully raided German trenches. Opposite Cuinchy an attempt made by an enemy patrol to raid one of our trenches was repulsed.

ANGLO-FRENCH ATTACKS ON SOMME FRONT BEATEN BACK, BERLIN REPORTS

BERLIN, July 18. Both the British and French armies resumed their offensive on both sides of the Somme yesterday evening and last night with strong attacks against German positions, it was officially announced this afternoon.

British attacks against the village of Pozières and French attacks in the region of Blaches, Maisonette, Barieux and Soyecourt were repulsed with heavy enemy losses. The official communication follows: At numerous points on the northern

front enemy patrols were repulsed before the defenses of the Germans. A German patrol entered an English trench east of Vermilles, capturing one officer, four noncommissioned officers and 11 men.

On both sides of the Somme there were artillery engagements throughout the day. In the evening strong attacks were made against Pozières and the position eastward as well as against the line of Blaches, Maisonette, Barieux and Soyecourt. Everywhere the enemy was repulsed with heavy losses. In the Meuse sector there were lively artillery firing and small combats with hand grenades.

PENNSYLVANIA SENATORS SPLIT ON KEEPING SHIPS IN PACIFIC

Oliver Favors Amendment, but Penrose Answers "No"

By a Staff Correspondent WASHINGTON, July 18.—Pennsylvania's two Republican Senators split today on an amendment to the naval bill presented by Senator Works, of California, which proposed that three dreadnoughts should be kept in the Pacific ocean to protect the west coast at all times.

Senator Oliver was one of the 11 who voted for the amendment. Senator Penrose, who was not in the chamber during the debate, came in after the bells had been rung for the roll call. Senator Smoot, of Utah, explained the purpose of the amendment to him and he answered "No," when his name was called.

Forty-eight votes were cast against the adoption of the amendment.

Fire Destroys Garage in Lancaster LANCASTER, Pa., July 18.—Emanuel Shreiner's garage was destroyed last night by fire of unknown origin, a cycle car and three motorcycles being ruined. The loss was \$2500.

Advertisement for Cunningham-Made Player-Piano, \$450. Includes text: 'This Fine Cunningham-Made PLAYER-PIANO \$450. Including Bench, Scarf and 12 Rolls of Music. Easy Weekly or Monthly Terms. IT DOESN'T seem reasonable that we can advertise a better Player-Piano for \$450 than any dealer can sell for \$600, yet it is true. Now listen to reason. A manufacturer making pianos sells them to the dealer at a manufacturer's profit; then the dealer, after paying this profit, cost of handling, carting, etc., sells them to you, plus his profit, which is large. In other words, you pay the manufacturer's profit, dealer's profit, cost of handling, etc. On the other hand, if you buy your Piano direct from the maker, you eliminate all these in-between profits that add no value, and you save \$150 to \$200. By direct dealing from factory-to-home you save all the costs which add no value. As manufacturers, we create value; the jobber and dealer add costs. It Pays to Think Cunningham PIANO CO 11th & Chestnut Sts. Factory, 50th and Parkside Ave. Philadelphia Branches 52d and Chestnut Streets 2835 Germantown Ave. Clip and Mail This Coupon Today Please send me catalog and factory address Name Address P. L.

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